Management of Market Knowledge in Networks

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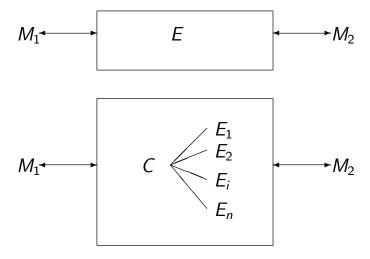
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isbe 2007, Glasgow, Scotland

- Problem
- 2 Prior Work
- The three channels
- 4 Usage of the three channels
- 5 Conclusion and further research

Division of Entrepreneurship



Our paper is based on the following prior work:

theoretical considerations:
 division of entrepreneurship (in cooperations)

References: Brunner and Voigt (2007), Fehl et al. (2007), Brunner (2006)

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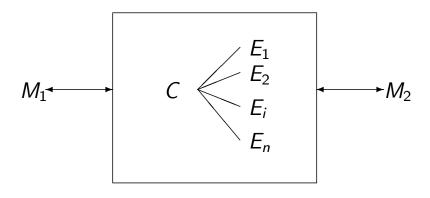
- theoretical considerations:
 division of entrepreneurship (in cooperations)
- methodology: theory building by the means of case study research

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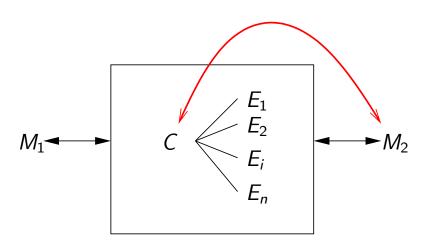
Our paper is based on the following prior work:

- theoretical considerations:
 division of entrepreneurship (in cooperations)
- methodology: theory building by the means of case study research
- results: the processes of communication depend on the underlying processes of innovation

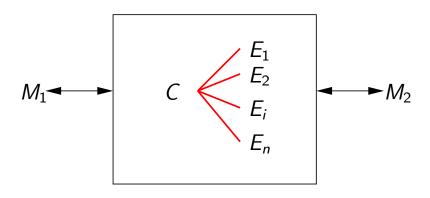
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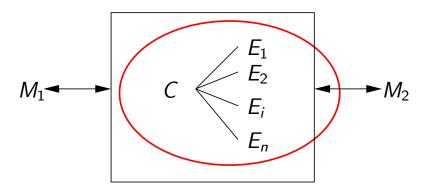
Channel 1: direct observation and market research

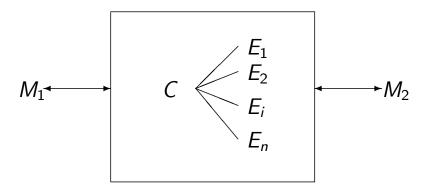


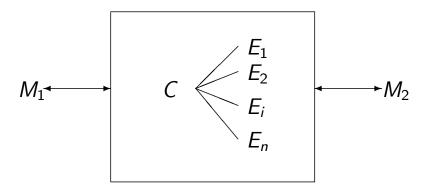
Channel 2: monitoring exchange processes



Channel 3: direct communication







Problem Prior Work The three channels Usage of the three channels Conclusion and further research

Hypothesis (1)

The more static the particular aspect of the environment, the more channel 2 will be employed.

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Hypothesis (3)

The more the environment changes within a certain period of time, the more a direct communication (channel 3) between the players becomes necessary.

					Channels		
					ı	Ш	Ш
С	↑	E_u	\uparrow	1			
			\downarrow	2			
		E_d	\uparrow	3			
			\downarrow	4			
	\downarrow	E_u	\uparrow	5			
			\downarrow	6			
		E_d	\uparrow	7			
			\downarrow	8			

					Channels			
					I	Ш	Ш	
С	↑	E_u	\uparrow	1		+	++	
			\downarrow	2	++		+	
		E_d	\uparrow	3	++		+	
			\downarrow	4	+	+	+	
	\	E_u	\uparrow	5	+	+	+	
			\downarrow	6		++		
		E_d	\uparrow	7		+	++	
			\downarrow	8		++	+	

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